WEEKLY CURRENCY REPORT





GLOBAL FX MARKET

USD: The dollar recovered from a six-month low to rise to end the week, the year's first trading day, after a drop in December reversed early gains as trade hopped and investor confidence diminished demand for the safe-haven asset. Bleak data out of Germany and the United Kingdom weakened the euro and pound as demand for the safe-haven dollar picked up. The euro slipped 0.05% against the dollar whilst against the pound, the dollar was also 0.17% stronger. In the week ahead, the sharp rise in tensions with Iran, we expect the dollar to remain steady as market sentiment remained cautious amid concerns about a broader escalation of Mideast conflicts after the United States killed Iran's most prominent military commander.

GBP: The Sterling extended its losses against the dollar on Friday, testing one-week lows after downbeat data on construction and consumer demand and heightening worries for an economy showing no sign of emerging from Brexit-linked gloom. The pound is under downside pressure because of dollar strength, the uncertainty generated by post-Brexit trade negotiations and a deeper contraction in the UK construction sector. Against the U.S. dollar and the euro, the pound dipped by 0.17% and 0.09% respectively. In the week ahead, investors will have their eyes on Britain's parliament which reconvenes on Tuesday (07/01/20) to debate the EU divorce deal Johnson has agreed with Brussels. We therefore expect the pound to remain steady.

EUR: The Euro closed the week a fraction lower against the dollar but inched up against the pound as signs that the euro zone economy may be stabilizing have lifted the common currency in recent weeks. Investors unwound short positions, though the currency has shed around 2% of its value against the dollar in 2019. Against the dollar, the euro dropped by 0.05% but inched up by 0.24% against the pound. In the week ahead, we expect the euro to rebound as investors are closely watching for signs of Iranian retaliation after Iranian Major-General Qassem Soleimani was killed in a U.S. drone strike on his convoy at Baghdad airport.

AFRICAN FX MARKET REVIEW AND OUTLOOK

GHANA: GHS: 5.53USD1; GHS: 7.23GBP1; GHS: 6.17EUR1

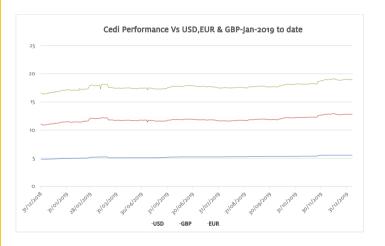
- In the just ended week, the Ghana cedi inched up against all tracked currencies in our basket. Against the dollar, the cedi edged up by 0.08% whilst against the pound and the euro, the local unit was up by 0.23% and 0.21% respectively.
- The fall in demand for hard currency by households and businesses after the festive period has contributed to the appreciation of the cedi against the dollar, the pound and the euro.
- Periodic intervention by the central bank has also provided some support to the local currency.
- Furthermore, government and corporate demand for FX from the commerce and energy sectors for payment of their liabilities has reduced helping the cedi to rebound.
- We therefore expect the local unit to remain steady as the festive season is over and on account of a decline in government payments in foreign currencies to the energy sector.

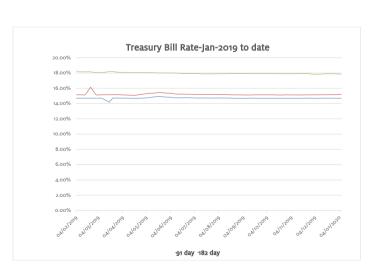
SOUTH AFRICA: ZAR: 14.22 USD1; ZAR: 18.66 GBP1; ZAR: 15.87: EUR1

- In the week under review, the rand dipped against all the tracked currencies in our basket. Against the dollar, euro and pound, the rand dropped by 0.83%, 1.48% and 1.01% respectively.
- South Africa's rand slumped against all the tracked currencies on Friday, as investors' dumped risky assets after a U.S. air strike in Iraq killed a top Iranian military commander.
- The move in the rand, which some investors use as a proxy for emerging market (EM) risk, was sharper than in other EM units because of strong rand gains in recent weeks.
- Other EM currencies like the Russian rouble and Turkish lira also fell on news that the U.S. air strike had killed senior Iranian military official Qassem Soleimani.
- Therefore, we expect the rand to remain under pressure as a resumption of power cuts spurred concerns over domestic growth outlook, while an exchange of threats between Iran and the United States sent investors scurrying for safe-haven assets.

GLOBAL FX MARKET UPDATE (WEEKLY CHANGES %)										
REGION	US\$	Wkly (%∆)	£	Wkly (%∆)	€	Wkly (%∆)				
USA	1.0000	0.00	1.3072	0.17	1.1147	0.05				
Europe	0.8971	(0.05)	1.1719	0.24	1.0000	0.00				
UK	0.7650	(0.17)	1.0000	0.00	0.8533	(0.09)				
Sources: GCB Bank, Central bank websites										

AFRICAN FX MARKET UPDATE (WEEKLY CHANGES %)										
COUNTRY	US\$	Wkly (%Δ)	£	Wkly (%∆)	€	Wkly (%∆)				
Ghana	5.5342	0.08	7.2338	0.23	6.1714	0.21				
Nigeria	306.5000	0.00	400.2580	0.28	341.2270	0.18				
Kenya	100.9590	(0.19)	133.1230	(2.36)	113.0780	(1.28)				
BCEAO*	587.7500	0.34	770.0000	(0.36)	655.9600	0.00				
S. Africa	14.2240	(0.83)	18.6570	(1.48)	15.8700	(1.01)				
Sources: GCB Bank, Central bank website										

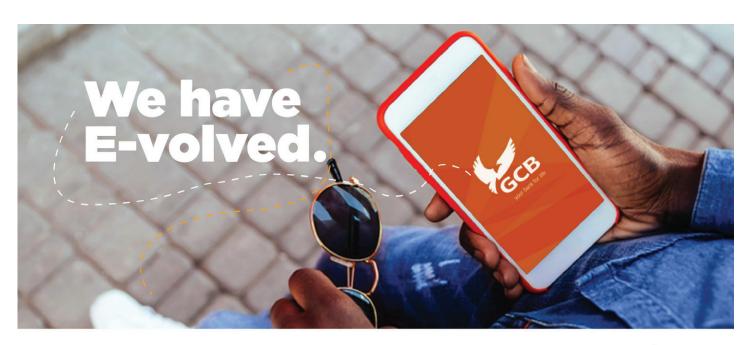




WEEKLY CURRENCY REPORT



Date Issued | 6th January, 2020



Customer Service: 0202 111 177 0264 270 236 **WhatsApp:** 0202 422 422 **Web:** www.gcbbank.com.gh

Toll Free: 0800 422 422
Follow GCBBankLimited □□¶□□□



Research Contacts

Lawson Oppong-Asante Email: loppong-asante@gcb.com.gh Tel: 0302 66 4910 -18

Adomako Osei-Frimpong Email: aofrimpong@gcb.com.gh Tel: 0302 66 4910 -18

Michael Bedjrah Email: mbedjrah@gcb.com.gh Tel: 0302 66 4910 -18

Treasury & Sales Contacts

Anthony Asare Email:akasare@gcb.com.gh Tel: 0302 611 762

Daniel Boateng Email: daboateng@gcb.com.gh Head Office: No 2 Thorpe Link P. O. Box 134, Accra Tel: +233 (0)302 664910

Disclaimer

This document has been prepared by the Research Department of GCB Bank Limited solely for information purposes and does not constitute any legally binding obligations on GCB. Any views expressed are those of the Research Department. Any views and commentary in this communication (the views) are short term views of the GCB Research Department from which it originates (the authors) and are not a personal recommendation and do not take into account whether any product or transaction is suitable for any particular investor.

Whilst the information provided in this document has been prepared by GCB Research Department based upon or by reference to sources, materials that GCB believes to be reliably accurate, GCB does not guarantee its completeness or accuracy. The message is for information purposes only as of the date hereof and are subject to change. It is not a recommendation, advice, offer or solicitation to buy or sell a product or service. We do not accept any liability for losses (direct or consequential) which may arise from making use of this document or its contents or reliance on the information contained herein.

All opinions and estimates are given as of the date hereof and are subject to change. GCB is not obliged to inform readers of any such change to such opinions or estimates. This document do not purport to contain all the information that you may desire. In all cases, interested parties should conduct their own investigations and analysis of the transaction described in the document and of the data set forth in the document. In particular it is recommended for interested parties to check that the information provided is in line with their own circumstances with regard to any legal, regulatory, tax or other specialist or technical advice or services, if necessary with the help of a professional advisor.

This document is confidential and may not be reproduced or distributed in whole or in part without the prior written permission of GCB.